## §93.913

applicable requirements of the permit and regulations.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0340)

### §93.913 Health certificate.

- (a) General. All live VHS-regulated fish that are imported from VHS-regulated regions for other than immediate slaughter or research or laboratory use must be accompanied by a health certificate issued by a full-time salaried veterinarian of the national government of the exporting country, or issued by a certifying official and endorsed by the competent authority of that country. The health certificate must be written in English or contain an English translation. The health certificate will be valid for 30 days from the date of issuance. The health certificate for the live VHS-regulated fish must state that:
- (1) The live fish were inspected by the veterinarian or certifying official who issued the certificate within 72 hours prior to shipment, and were found to be free of any clinical signs of disease consistent with VHS; and
- (2) The live fish covered by the health certificate originated in a region or facility that has demonstrated freedom from VHS through testing in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section
- (b) Testing. A facility can demonstrate freedom from VHS through negative testing results by a pathogen detection laboratory approved for VHS viral assays by the competent authority of that country. Testing must meet the following conditions:
- (1) Testing must be conducted with a testing sample size that provides for a 95 percent confidence level of detecting a 2 percent prevalence of infection in the facility.
- (i) Facilities with cultured fish of VHS-regulated species which can document a 2-year history of negative testing for VHS virus can conduct testing at a sampling level to provide a 95 percent confidence level of detecting a 5 percent prevalence of infection in the facility. Such testing must be conducted twice a year, with at least 3 months between tests.
- (ii) Facilities with cultured fish of VHS-regulated species which can docu-

ment a 4-year history of negative testing for VHS virus can conduct testing at a sampling level to provide a 95 percent confidence level of detecting a 10 percent prevalence of infection in the facility. Such testing must be conducted twice a year, with at least 3 months between tests.

- (iii) Such facilities must be on a secure water source, and document that any VHS-regulated species in the facility that originated in VHS-regulated States or Canadian provinces originate from facilities of the same or higher health status.
- (2) Tests must include virus isolation or other assays authorized by the competent authority, using appropriate cell lines to detect VHS virus, if present. All suspect VHS cytopathic efects must be positively identified as VHS through molecular assays and/or genetic sequencing.
- (3) Proportional numbers of each VHS-regulated fish species which might be present in a shipment must be used for testing, if applicable.
- (4) Testing must be conducted at water temperatures between 50 and 72 °F, or at other times or under environmental conditions when VHS virus is most likely to be detected, if present.
- (c) When APHIS adds a new species to the list of VHS-regulated species after a facility has been determined to be free of VHS in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, the facility must conduct additional testing on fish of the newly listed species, if present in the facility, and the fish must be free of VHS virus for the facility to retain its free status. VHS testing must be conducted on each newly listed species with a sample size that provides for a 95 percent confidence level of detecting a 2 percent prevalence of infection in the fish facility.
- (d) Shipping containers. Except as provided in §93.910(e)–(g), all live fish that are to be shipped to the United States must be shipped in new containers or in containers that have been cleaned and disinfected.
- (1) Cleaning and disinfection of shipping containers must be monitored by the veterinarian or certifying official who issues the health certificate.
- (2) Cleaning and disinfection must be sufficient to neutralize any VHS virus

to which shipping containers may have been exposed.

(3) The cleaning and disinfection protocols used must be referenced in the health certificate or in a separate cleaning and disinfection certificate accompanying the shipment to the U.S. port of entry.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0340)

#### § 93.914 Declaration and other documents.

- (a) For live VHS-regulated fish offered for importation under this subpart, the importer or his or her agent must submit the following documents to the appropriate Customs and Border Protection officer for use by the port veterinarians:
- (1) All permits, certificates, or other documentation required under §§ 93.912 and 93.913; and
- (2) Two copies of a declaration that lists the port of entry; the name and address of the importer; the name and address of the broker; the origin of the live fish; the number, species, and the purpose of the importation; the name of the person to whom the fish will be delivered; and the location of the place to which such delivery will be made.
  - (b) [Reserved]

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579–0340)  $\,$ 

# $\S 93.915$ Inspection at the port of entry.

- (a) Shipments of live VHS-regulated fish must be presented for inspection at a port of entry designated under §93.911. For live fish entering through a limited port listed in §93.911(c), the APHIS port veterinarian must be notified at least 72 hours in advance of the arrival in the United States of the shipment. Any shipment that does not meet the requirements of this subpart will be refused entry.
- (b) Shipments refused entry must be exported within a time fixed in each case by the Administrator, and in accordance with other provisions he or she may require in each case for their handling, or the shipment will be dis-

posed of as the Administrator may direct.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0340)

## § 93.916 Special provisions.

- (a) Slaughter. Live VHS-regulated fish from VHS-regulated regions may be imported directly for slaughter under the following conditions:
- (1) An import permit has been obtained under §93.912 and all conditions of the permit are observed.
- (2) An APHIS representative at the port seals the means of conveyance with official seals.
- (3) The shipment is moved directly from the port of entry to a slaughtering establishment that meets the following conditions:
- (i) The slaughtering establishment discharges its waste water to a municipal sewage system that includes waste water disinfection sufficient to neutralize any VHS virus or to either a non-discharging settling pond or a settling pond that disinfects, according to all applicable local, State, and Federal regulations, sufficiently to neutralize any VHS virus.
- (ii) Offal, including carcasses, from the slaughtering establishment is either rendered or composted.
- (4) An APHIS representative will unseal the vehicle upon arrival at the slaughtering establishment.
- (5) Any water used to transport the fish is disposed to a municipal sewage system that includes waste water disinfection sufficient to neutralize any VHS virus or to either a non-discharging settling pond or a settling pond that disinfects, according to all applicable local, State, and Federal regulations, sufficiently to neutralize any VHS virus.
- (b) Research or laboratory use. Live VHS-regulated fish may be imported from a VHS-regulated region for research or laboratory use under the following conditions:
- (1) An import permit has been obtained under §93.912 and all conditions of the permit are observed.
- (2) The laboratory or research facility disposes of effluent to a municipal sewage system that includes waste water disinfection sufficient to neutralize any VHS virus or to either a